THE ANCIENT MEDITERRANEAN WORLD 2019

Student Handbook

for
ANAR 135s: Ancient Mediterranean World
A UCSD Summer Session and
Department of Anthropology Study Abroad Program

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Introduction

Welcome to ANAR 135S, Study Abroad: The Ancient Mediterranean World! This rather ungainly title describes a UCSD Anthropology program offered during Summer Session 2019. The program consists of a 17-day long trip to Sardinia, Sicily, and Naples, during which we will visit 37 sites and 8 museums highlighting the ancient civilizations of the western Mediterranean.

The goals of the program are:

1. To teach students about the history, art, and architecture of southern Europe within their actual context;
2. To provide an experiential approach to learning that is not possible in the classroom;
3. To introduce students to different cultures by interacting with living people;
4. To provide a short, highly intensive course within the structure of UCSD Summer Session that does not interfere with the Summer employment needs of students; and
5. To provide an Education Abroad experience that is less expensive and open to students who have program needs that require their presence on campus during the school year.

What you are now reading is a Student Handbook designed to answer some of your questions about the program, what we will be doing, where we will be going, how you should get to Italy, what you should bring, and what my expectations will be as a professor.

Program Outline

ANAR 135S is a Study Abroad program that will be held in Italy from 1 to 17 September, 2019. During this time, you will learn about the history, art, and architecture of the ancient Mediterranean world by visiting cities, tombs, temples, houses, and palaces built by early Neolithic and Bronze Age peoples, Phoenicians/Carthaginians, Greeks, Romans, and also by Arabs, Normans, and Italians. We will tour museums that house important collections of art and other artifacts produced by these cultures. Finally, we will climb Mt. Etna, and active volcano, visit a cave system in Sardinia, and see two of the most beautiful beaches and coastlines in the world. If you have studied ancient Europe, this travel program will greatly help you in understanding and contextualizing the lectures you have already heard. The ancient world will come alive for you in a way that is impossible within the classroom. If you have not studied ancient Europe, don’t panic! By the end of this program, you should learn the fundamentals of the history and archaeology of the region and develop a strong appreciation for the accomplishments of these cultures.

A complete Trip Itinerary is available through the Department of Anthropology website. The itinerary mentions the sites and museums that we will visit each day. In this section of the Student Handbook, I discuss such things as our typical daily schedule, the book(s) you should bring and read, and my expectations from you as students.
**Daily Schedule: Room, Board, and Activities**

**Accommodations.** While in Italy, we will sleep in hotels. We will not be camping. The hotels are included in your program fee. They will not be fancy places, but they certainly will not be dirty flea-bags. According to the Italian Tourism Ministry they are all three- and four-star hotels. You can expect bathrooms with running hot/cold water, fresh sheets, and generally well-kept and clean rooms. Some hotels will have televisions (remember: Italian t.v. is in Italian!). In all places, you will share a room with at least two other students, and sometimes you may sleep four to a room. But everyone will have his or her own bed. Before we leave, you will be provided with a list of the names and phone numbers of all the hotels so your family will know where you are. You should bring a copy of this with you (and have it on your person at all times) and should also leave a copy with your parents, in case there is an emergency at home and they need to contact you. Two nights, we sleep on overnight ferries. Expect to share a small berth with other students!

Typically, we will wake up rather early. Most days will begin for us with breakfast at 7 AM, and a few may begin an hour or so earlier. You will get used to me saying “Time to get in the bus!” at an hour when many of us would rather be sleeping. An important note: since this is a course rather than a packaged tour offered by a company, you will be responsible for getting your bags to and from the van. Please do not expect me or our chauffeur to do it for you.

Our day of visiting sites will end when they close, typically at 5 or 6 PM. Some evenings, we may visit museums that are open until 7 or 8 PM. Many days we will leave an archaeological site, drive for an hour or two to a hotel, check in, and then eat dinner. Many days we will stay in the same hotel for multiple nights. On these occasions, you may leave your “night pack” (clothes, most toiletries, etc.) in the hotel. If you are concerned about safety issues, please talk to me or the program volunteer.

**Transportation.** During the day, we will drive from archaeological site to archaeological site in a hired bus. This will be a “fancy” tour bus, not a school bus. Most of your program fees will be applied to renting the buses, paying our chauffeurs, and paying insurance.

The bus will be clean, new, and well kept. It will have an air conditioner. Please understand that the driver is just that; he is not a tour guide. He may speak only limited English.

**Archaeological Sites and Museums.** Entrance to archaeological sites and museums is provided as part of your program fee. Some museums may have additional charges for the use of a camera, and flash is prohibited in all museums.

At each site, I will present a general background lecture consisting of information that you should know. Some of the sites are only poorly understood (i.e., archaeological work has been limited to consolidation or reconstruction rather than scientific research, or very little has been published to date), and these formal lectures will be short. My style is very different from that of a “professional” guide. If I do not know something, I will tell you. We will not clap and listen to the echo!

We will tour each site as a loose group. Sometimes you may wish to go off with other students. This is all right, but I will ask you to stay within earshot. One reason is that I will talk about various features, buildings, and works of art that we will see; I do not want you to miss anything important. The size of our group is such that we often will be having conversations about what we see, rather than a more formal guided tour. I promise that I will not rush you by something interesting so that we finish quickly.
Perhaps the most important aspect about the program is this informal setting. You are encouraged—even required!—to ask questions and to participate in discussions about what we see. I very much doubt that you will have another chance as an undergraduate student to engage in so much one-to-one interaction with a professor. One of the goals of the program is to give you this sort of attention as a student.

**Food and Beverages.** Included in your program fees are breakfasts and lunches. Breakasts in Italy will often be large, buffet-style meals where you can have all sorts of bread, eggs, fruit, cereals, yogurt, vegetables, and cooked eggs and meats. We suggest you eat a lot.

Often, the lunches will be “boxed lunches” that we are to take with us to the sites on the bus. These can be pretty basic: a piece of fruit, a bit of bread, and cheese or meat. Please do not expect much. Boxed lunches of this sort, around the world, are bland and boring. The group leader (provided by the tour company) and Braswell will try to make this more interesting with local supplementary goodies. Nonetheless, please make sure you understand that these boxed lunches will not be a culinary highlight of your life. If you want, bring more food from the breakfast buffets, and don’t make us say “we told you so.” Often food is a delightful experience, but some of these lunches will just be filling the tank with gasoline.

Please make sure that to bring water with you throughout the day. You should have some sort of container for carrying it, like a Nalgene bottle or small canteen. In Italy, it is customary for tourists to buy their own purified water. The bus will always have some for sale (usually about 1 Euro for a small bottle), but you may be able fill up for free at the hotel breakfast buffet. Most sites will sell soda pop and other beverages, as well as water. Most sites also will have bathrooms, although their quality will vary dramatically. Be prepared and bring your own paper.

You should bring enough pocket money with you at all times to buy snacks and drinks as you wish. In all the places we visit, the Euro will be the currency. You will be asked to purchase your beverages at meal times; some people seem to drink a lot more expensive beverages than others, and it is unfair to split the cost evenly. A word about alcohol—the drinking age is 18 in Europe. You will be expected to maintain civil behavior at all times, and drinking during the program hours of the day will not be tolerated. Please remember this is a university program and not a party. But I have never had this problem with a program, and I do not expect to this year!

We will share two dinners—on the first and last nights of the program—that are included as part of your program fees. The last night we will have a Farewell Dinner and also a Final Examine (do not worry, you will enjoy it). During our two nights on ferries, dinner also may be included. Most of the other nights of the program, you will be free to eat wherever you choose. In part, this is to give each of you a chance to experience Europe as you wish. It also is a chance to give each of us a little “down time” when we are not forced to be together in a big group. It will also allow some of us to save a little money by eating in inexpensive restaurants. Finally, some of us may have dietary needs or requirements that are not easily met during the day. If you have to have your daily Big Mac, pizza, or tofu burger, this is the time to do so! You will need to bring enough money with you, therefore, to pay for 12 dinners. Please see the section on Money for more details.

A final word about food: *If you have special dietary needs or requirements, it may be difficult to meet them.* In particular, if you keep strictly Kosher or are a vegan or have certain life-threatening food allergies, you will have to bring your own food for the entire trip. It is simply impossible to meet these requirements any other way. Please keep this mind when packing.
Grades and Expectations

This is a study abroad program, not a formal lecture-hall course. Moreover, simply by enrolling, each of you has expressed an interest that is far beyond that which is typical for an on-campus course. My expectations of you as a Study Abroad student, therefore, are quite different from my expectations of classroom students, and the final grades I assign reflect this difference in expectations.

I ask that you participate in discussions, ask questions, and talk. You will be assigned one text (see below), which I will ask you to read. Not all the chapters are relevant, but you should read the sections on Neolithic, Bronze Age, Greek, Phoenician/Carthaginian, and Roman civilizations. There also will be an oral Final Examine delivered personally to you on the final night of the program. You should not fear this experience, but think about it as a way to recapture the things you have seen and experienced during the program. Your final grade will be based on our conversations, your questions, and on this final exam.

Textbook and Other Books to Bring

There is one required textbook for this program. You should order it through whatever vendor you like. Please buy it and read it before we go, and then re-read it during the program. The textbook is:

Mathisen, Ralph

Please make sure you have the current edition. I will supplement this with more reading in pdf form after you are registered.

You also may wish to purchase a general guidebook to Sicily, Sardinia, and Naples. I like Lonely Planet and the Rough Guide. Guidebooks will help you decide where you want to eat and will help keep you oriented in the cities where we spend the night. Some people may want to bring a compact Italian Dictionary or phrase book.

It is really useful and enjoyable to know where you are and where you are going. To this end, you may wish to buy fold-up maps. If you do not find one at your local independent bookstore, you might want to wait until we get there. Lots of colorful options are available.

Finally, do not forget to bring a notebook and pen! You also may wish to keep a diary, journal, or trip log.
Planning for the Trip: Documents, Money, Climate, and What to Bring

Passports, Visas, and Tourist Cards

All students are required to have passports. If you are a U.S. citizen and do not have a passport, go to a major U.S. Post Office, bring your birth certificate (the original, not a photocopy), and fill out and mail the required forms. Be prepared to enclose payment, and make sure that you apply far enough ahead of time to get the passport back from the U.S. Passport Office. You should start this process now!

If you are not a U.S. citizen, you should check with the Italian consulate to find out if you require a visa. Please get your visa before the trip begins! Italy is a European Union nation.

Money

The currency of Italy is the Euro. Currently, there are about 1.25 U.S. dollars to the Euro. Except in very touristy zones, you may find it difficult to spend U.S. dollars. You should bring enough money for dinners, snacks, and souvenirs for your trip. The best way to bring money is to divide it between a relatively small amount of U.S. cash (no more than about $200 U.S.) and a bank ATM card. Please do not bring travellers’ checks!

ATMs: Your Friend in Europe. Perhaps the greatest change that has made travel easier for tourists is the installation of ATMs. The maximum you can withdraw in a day is about 500 Euros.

Credit Cards. Visa and Mastercard are accepted in most city shops and restaurants. Please keep in mind that some places in Europe will no longer accept cards without chips. If you plan on using a credit card, you should call your company ahead of time and notify them of your dates of travel. If not, the card may be automatically rejected when you try to use it.

Travellers’ Checks: Leave Them at Home! Travellers’ checks are not recommended, and are largely a vestigial thing of the past like your appendix or tailbone. They can be cashed at exchange stations, some hotels, and banks. But you may get a bad rate of exchange and—particularly at a bank—you may have to stand in line for an hour. We will not be able to make special trips to banks in the middle of the day to change checks for you. If you still want to bring travellers’ checks, just realize that you may not be able to cash them. Think of them as emergency backup.

The Big Question: How Much Should I Bring? The amount of money (cash, ATM cards, credit cards) you bring is up to you. One student I had brought only $50 U.S. for two weeks and did not use it up. Another student brought $500 and spent it all on souvenirs and tchatchkies during the first two days! Here are some tips that might help you plan.

Food. First, remember that you will be paying for 12 dinners, from 2 September through 15 September. If you want to “do the trip on the cheap,” I would set aside about $20 for each night or a total of $240. This should be sufficient to buy you a fairly large supper and beverage. If you are a big eater, bring twice as much. Keep in mind that food is cheap, but alcohol is not. A full meal might cost the same as two beers or a glass of wine. Also bring a sufficient amount of money for daily snacks and soda pop. I would guess that $5/day is sufficient for snacks.
Souvenirs. Italy has a full range of touristic goodies from cheap, cheesy knickknacks to solid gold miniature copies of the coliseum. The important thing to do is to shop wisely. Do not spend your wad on the first ceremonial dagger you see. Do not be afraid to haggle if you are buying from a street vendor. In that context, haggling is expected. Finally, do not buy so much junk that it fills up the bus!

Souvenir buying is really a personal matter. You may be the sort who prefers to take pictures and buy a couple of postcards. You may need to buy something for everyone you know at home. As a very general estimate, I would say that unless you are buying silver or gold jewelry, $100 should probably be enough.

Telephone Calls. Calling home is easy but can be expensive. Be careful with your cell phone! It may work in Europe, but you may be charged horrific international roaming fees. Even text messages can be expensive, although less so. If you absolutely cannot live without your phone, call your company ahead of time to find out how much it will cost you. Consider getting a texting plan. Otherwise, each text could cost you a dollar or more.

WhatsApp. The chances are you already know about this application. WhatsApp is an internet texting service that is widely used across the world and is getting more popular in the USA. Ask your parents and friends to download it before you go. You will be able to call or text from anywhere in Europe we can access the internet.

Tip for the Driver. A final cost that I ask you to consider is a tip for our travelling companions/guides. In the general rate is about $3 U.S. per person per day, or about $50 U.S. for each of you. This is not mandatory, but I do ask you to consider it and please set it aside.

Geography and Climate of Sicily, Sardinia, and Naples

The first week of the program, we will be in Sardinia. Expect very hot temperatures and little to no rain. Highs will probably be over 90 degrees. It will be fairly dry and hotter than San Diego. Sicily is similar, but expect a cooler day when we climb Mt. Etna. Naples will probably be in the high 80s and fairly humid—like Washington, D.C. in August.

We might have rain, but it probably will not be too heavy.

Planning for the Trip, Part I—What to Wear

Because we will be traveling in a variety of climatological and ecological regions, you should bring a range of clothing. Because we will be outside in rural areas much of the time, your clothes should protect you from the sun, rain, and brambles. We also will be traveling in traditional regions, where people have ideas about what constitutes appropriate dress for men and women.

Please keep in mind that Europe is much more fashion conscious than America, let alone southern California. Ripped dirty, old clothes—or wear better suited for a beach than the city—will not earn you respect. If you want to be treated with respect and not be stared at, you should dress respectfully.
The following clothing suggestions are based on what I think will meet your needs:

1. Light weight and durable long pants (two or three pairs);
2. Both short- and long-sleeve shirts (four or five total for the trip);
3. Light weight hiking boots;
4. Alternate closed-toe footwear for the evenings;
5. A hat or cap you can wear in sun or rain;
6. Sun glasses;
7. Something nice or dressy (skirt and blouse for women, nicer pants and shirt for men) for evenings in the city;
8. A pair of shorts for informal relaxing;
9. A bathing suit for pools and the beach.

Some of you may wish to go out in the evenings, and you should be aware that many places have dress codes, particularly for men. Shorts are never appropriate for “clubbing,” and jeans might not be acceptable.

**A Tip on Packing.** Please **limit your bags to two**: a regular sized backpack, duffle bag, or suitcase for access in the evenings/nights/mornings, and a daypack or handbag for the day. Just two bags, please! If you bring more, there will be less room for everyone else.

Something very important: Please do not bring a gigantic suitcase the size of a steamer trunk. You will need to be able to pick up and carry (not roll) all of your luggage. *If you cannot easily carry all your belongings at once, then you have packed too much!*

**Laundry.** We will find time to do laundry once during the program. If you want to be a real pro-traveler, bring fewer clothes and some Woolite. You can wash your ginchers and socks in your hotel room.

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**Planning for the Trip, Part II—What Else to Bring**

You should bring the program textbook, one or two other suggested books (see above) a camera, and all personal items and medications you need. Also, do not forget a notebook and a pen! Here is a list of things that are suggested:

1. All medications you require on a daily basis;
2. Personal toiletries and hygienic items;
3. Camera and digital cards, as well as charger or spare batteries;
4. Notebook and pen;
5. YOUR PASSPORT, which should be with you at all times!;
6. Sunscreen (important!);
7. A Nalgene bottle or small canteen;
8. Textbook and one or two other books (see above);
9. A map;
10. Sufficient money for small purchases (see above);
11. A personal music device for chilling in the vehicle;
12. A roll of toilet paper to share;
13. A big bottle of Pepto Bismol or the equivalent and Imodium;
Adaptors/converters for European plugs—these are not the same as ours! This HANDBOOK.

Most of these items should go in your “Day Pack,” which will be available throughout the day. Some of your medications, toiletries, and hygienic items—as well as money or credit cards well stashed—can go in your “Night Bag,” which will be locked up in the bus or at our hotel during the day.

**What Not to Bring: Drugs and Alcohol**

Please understand that you have been asked to sign a liability waiver that includes, in part, a statement that you agree to keep to the standards of a Drug Free Workplace.

Please respect the laws of Italy and the U.S.A., and understand that by engaging in illegal activities, you would be putting all of us in jeopardy.

**European Electricity**

Europe’s electrical system differs from ours in two ways. First, the plug is shaped differently. Second, it is 220 volts, not 110 volts.

At the very least, you will need an adapter to plug in and charge your devices. You can get these cheaply. Most new electronics are “dual voltage,” which means you can plug them into a socket in Europe without burning them out. But not all are. You should look carefully at the adapter, charger, etc., of all the devices you plan on bringing to check the fine print.

Another option is a voltage converter. These are heavy, more expensive, and a little bigger. Generally, they are needed only for older and cheaper American gadgets.

**Getting to Sardinia**

The program officially begins when you are met at the airport at Olbia, Sardinia (Italy). Do not worry about going to the wrong airport—there is only one. You should arrive on 1 September. We will meet you at the airport and take you to the hotel. The program officially ends on 17 September with a drop off at Naple’s National Airport. If you choose to leave Italy later than this, you will be on your own from when we check out of our hotel on that morning.

So what you will need to purchase is:

A multi-destination airport from your home city to Olbia, Sardinia, Italy (arrive on 1 September) with a return from Naples (departure on 17 September).

Keep in mind that this will involve changing planes, probably in New York City and definitely in Europe. There are no direct flights from the USA to Olbia. Two very likely places to change are Milan and Rome, but there are others. Also, there is no direct flight home from Naples, so you will change in Rome, Munich, or Frankfurt.
Keep in mind that you must arrive on 1 September. This means you will need to depart from the USA at least a day earlier.

In order to ensure that we meet you at the airport in Olbia, please make sure that you both e-mail me and send me a letter by U.S. postage with your entire flight plans (all legs and all flights, not just your arrival times! Please include times, departure and arrival cities, and flight numbers). We need your entire itinerary to track you down in case you are not on your flight. Do not just send me partial information. This is critically important!

Please do not purchase airplane tickets until you hear directly from Braswell. It is important not to buy it until we are certain that there will be no changes to the itinerary!

Health

If you are suffering from any chronic health problems or have special needs for accommodation (including dietary requirements or preferences), you should have already made these clear in the application and health form. The University of California will not provide any special accommodation on this trip (again, including dietary needs). The combination of walking, bright sun, hot temperatures, and a busy schedule will take its toll on you by the end of the program. For this reason, you should be aware of your health situation and take steps to maintain your health during the two weeks of the program.

Please also understand that Italy does not conform with the Americans with Disabilities Act.

Do What Your Doctor Says!

I am an archaeologist, not a medical doctor. You should consult your doctor and do whatever s/he says about immunizations and other preventative measures. Hepatitis A is always a concern everywhere in the world, and it is a good idea to be inoculated. You should always have a tetanus booster on a regular basis.

Until recent decades, Sicily and other parts of southern Italy had malaria. This is no longer the case. Nonetheless, mosquitos are present. If mosquito bites bother you, bring repellant.

Health & Travel Insurance

You must have health insurance to participate on this trip. You must provide evidence of such insurance before participation, so be sure to bring your documentation along. It is important to be able to pay for any medical treatment in advance, because most insurance policies are on a claim-back basis. I recommend that you have a credit card you can use to draw on funds if necessary. You should also find out if your insurance company has a toll-free hotline number in case of severe emergencies, and keep this with your insurance documents.

I will register all UCSD students for travel insurance. This is required and you have already paid for it through your annual tuition. I suggest that you go to the UCSD Travel webpage and closely read the description of the policy. This includes emergency evacuation and repatriation. If you choose, you may purchase additional insurance or some may already be included in your health plan. Contact your provider to find out. You also might consider
purchasing travel insurance that covers the cost of your airplane ticket. If you have to cancel at
the last minute, this may give you a partial or full refund.

**Common Health Problems to Watch out for**

**Dehydration.** You will be traveling in a very safe and controlled environment. Your
greatest health worry should be hydration. It is important to drink above normal quantities of
fluids. I recommend that each student drink at least 3 liters of water per day beyond normal
beverages at meals. Dehydration can be caused by a number of factors: too much sun, too much
exercise, too much alcohol, and—especially—a stomach bug. It is quite likely that some of us
will suffer from a minor stomach ailment while in Europe. No matter how you get a stomach
bug, your danger is dehydration. If you do not hydrate yourself, your condition may get worse
quickly.

If you are suffering from dehydration, we probably will give you rehydration fluids (such
as Pediolyte) to drink. You may not want to do so, but it is important to drink enough water.
Nothing will spoil your trip faster than dehydration. If you require further medication, such as
antibiotics for a bad stomach, we will see that you get it.

It is especially important to drink a lot of extra water if you have been indulging in
alcohol, because nothing dehydrates you more quickly than a few beers in the hot sun.

Please note that it is important that you do not resist our suggestions for rehydrating or
getting quick medical treatment. Because of the pace of the program, we cannot wait a few days
in a hotel for you to get better on your own schedule. We cannot make the entire group wait for
you to get over a stomach problem. If your condition deteriorates to a point where you are no
longer able to participate, we will make sure to get you to an airport so that you can return safely
home.

**How to Get over a Stomach Bug.** The best medicine is prevention. The next best is
avoiding alcohol, drinking a lot of clean water, and getting a good night’s rest. Your third
defense is good old **Pepto Bismol.** Liquid works much better than the pills. This is a harmless
natural product that is much better for you in the long run than antibiotics. You can drink a
whole bottle a day, and you will have no long- or short-term ill effects. People often hate Pepto
because of the taste. But it is really good for getting rid of both the symptoms and the cause of
turista. And remember—stay hydrated! Everyone should bring a bottle of Pepto and should use
it freely.

The next step is **Imodium** or Lomotil. Imodium is the milder of the two. Both will
quickly and effectively relieve your symptoms but do little to kill the bug (Lomotil, an opiate, is
particularly effective for bad cramps because it completely stops peristalsis). Your fifth line of
defense is antibiotics. If you have a fever—often a sign of acute food poisoning—you will need
antibiotics. You should ask your doctor for a prescription before you go. Food poisoning is
rotten, and generally hits you within four to six hours of the meal in which you ingested the bug.
It should pass in 24-48 hours, but will leave you shaky and quite weak, and relapses are possible.
Antibiotics will greatly increase healing. If you need a doctor, we will take you to one.

**Sunburn.** Perhaps the most common problem will be sunburn. Make sure you have
sunscreen and that you use it! Also, you may wish to wear a hat outdoors.

**Heat Rash.** People with poor circulation or who are overweight may develop heat rash
on their legs, particularly just above the ankle. Mild heat rash is expressed by small, itchy
blisters. You probably will think you have bug bites. More serious cases will look like bad
bruises with very tender red, purple, or black running sores. Try to keep your feet elevated, and do not scratch!

**Physical Safety.** Please wear closed-toe shoes at all times because there are lots of rusty metal objects lying around and it is easy to stub your toe at the ruins.

**Personal Safety at Night and any Time.** As in any place, women should not take their safety for granted. It is wise, therefore, to know the rules, and here are a few well-tested guidelines. If you are being pestered by someone, just don’t talk to them. It is often useful to pretend you do not understand, even if you do. Women should always travel with a friend and if possible with a male companion. It is always wise to be conservative and respectful in your behavior. Idle chats with strange men, particularly drunks, is often taken as a sign of your interest in them (invariably sexual) and should be avoided. If you are harassed (unlikely, but it does happen), it is useful to avoid speaking and simply walk away and ignore the person concerned. In most situations, the presence of other women is the safest retreat. Try not to go into a bar or anywhere else where the only patrons are men. Wherever you go, make sure you have an exit plan, both physically (know where the exits to the building are) and metaphorically (make sure you have a plan to get out of a situation that makes you uncomfortable).

If you do go out at night, make sure that you use the buddy system. Again, the larger the group, the better. If something goes wrong with your buddy or if s/he is missing, you need to contact Professor Braswell immediately. This has never happened and we want to make sure that nothing bad ever does happen.

Special care should be taken in Palermo, Cagliari, and Naples. Please do not go out except in a significant group of four or more people. Late at night, walking back from a club is a good way to get robbed. I suggest a taxi or Uber.

As many of you know, Sicily is the ancestral home of the mafia. Other organized crime groups have plagued Sardinia and southern Italy for more than a century. Nonetheless, in recent years southern Italy has changed significantly and the influence of organized crime has declined dramatically. Sicily is not “run” by the mob, and the chances are you will not notice its presence. What is certainly the case is that no one wants to discourage tourism; it is the lifeblood of the island. You should not worry about this at all. But be aware it exists.

Italy is a friendly place, and you will enjoy your interactions with local people. Please remember to be respectful, don’t engage in behavior that you can’t get away with in the USA, and remember that you are representing UCSD.

**Final but Important!**

Throughout our program, UCSD policies and procedures must be followed. Among these are all issues pertaining to maintaining a respectful and safe environment, and proper academic integrity. Keep in mind that even though you are off-campus, all on-campus regulations, policies, and expectations apply.